

CashHelpdesk

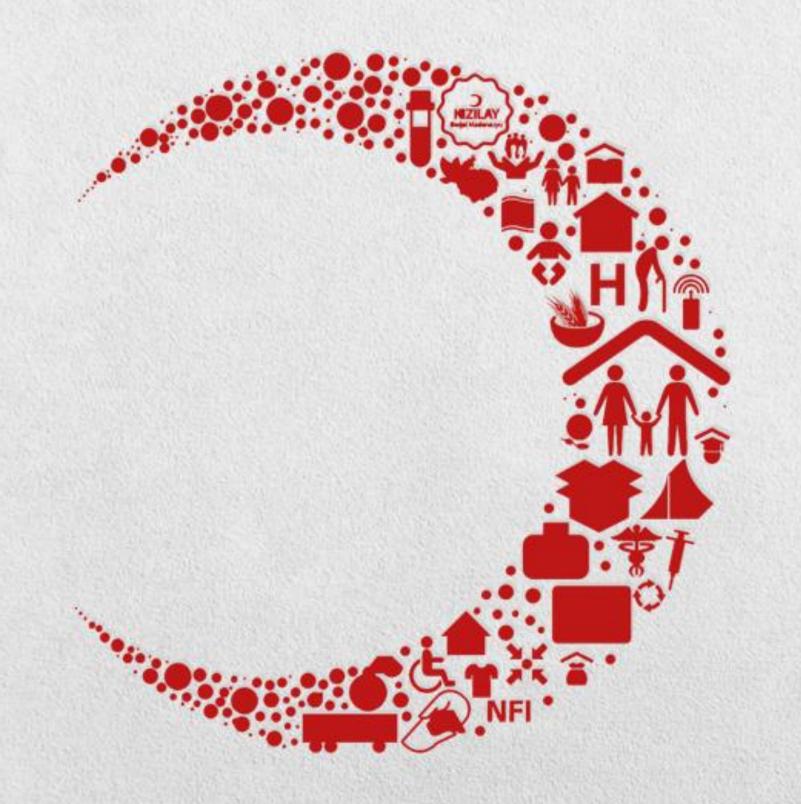
Webinar 14: Monitoring

Adapting to COVID-19 - The Use of Cash & Markets in the Red Cross Red Crescent Movement 04 November 2020



	Agenua	Speaker
5 mins	Housekeeping & Opening	David Dalgado, Cash Hub team, British Red Cross - Host
15 mins incl. Q&A	Remote FGDs, Turkish Red Crescent	Meircan Han & Alperen Açıkol - Turkish Red Crescent /Türk Kızılay
10 mins incl. Q&A	Zambia Red Cross	Mulambwa Mwanang'ono – DM Manager, Zambia Red Cross
5mins	Grand BargainWG Outcome Indicators	Michael Belaro, Regional Coordinator, Cash Assistance, Asia- Pacific, IFRC & David Dalgado, Cash Hub, British Red Cross
10 mins	Expenditure Monitoring & Measuring Well-Being	Jo Burton, Global Cash and Markets Lead, ICRC & Emma Delo, Cash & Markets Technical Team Manager, British Red Cross
15 mins	Q&A & Discussion	Questions, Answers, Comments & Sharing





KIZILAYKART

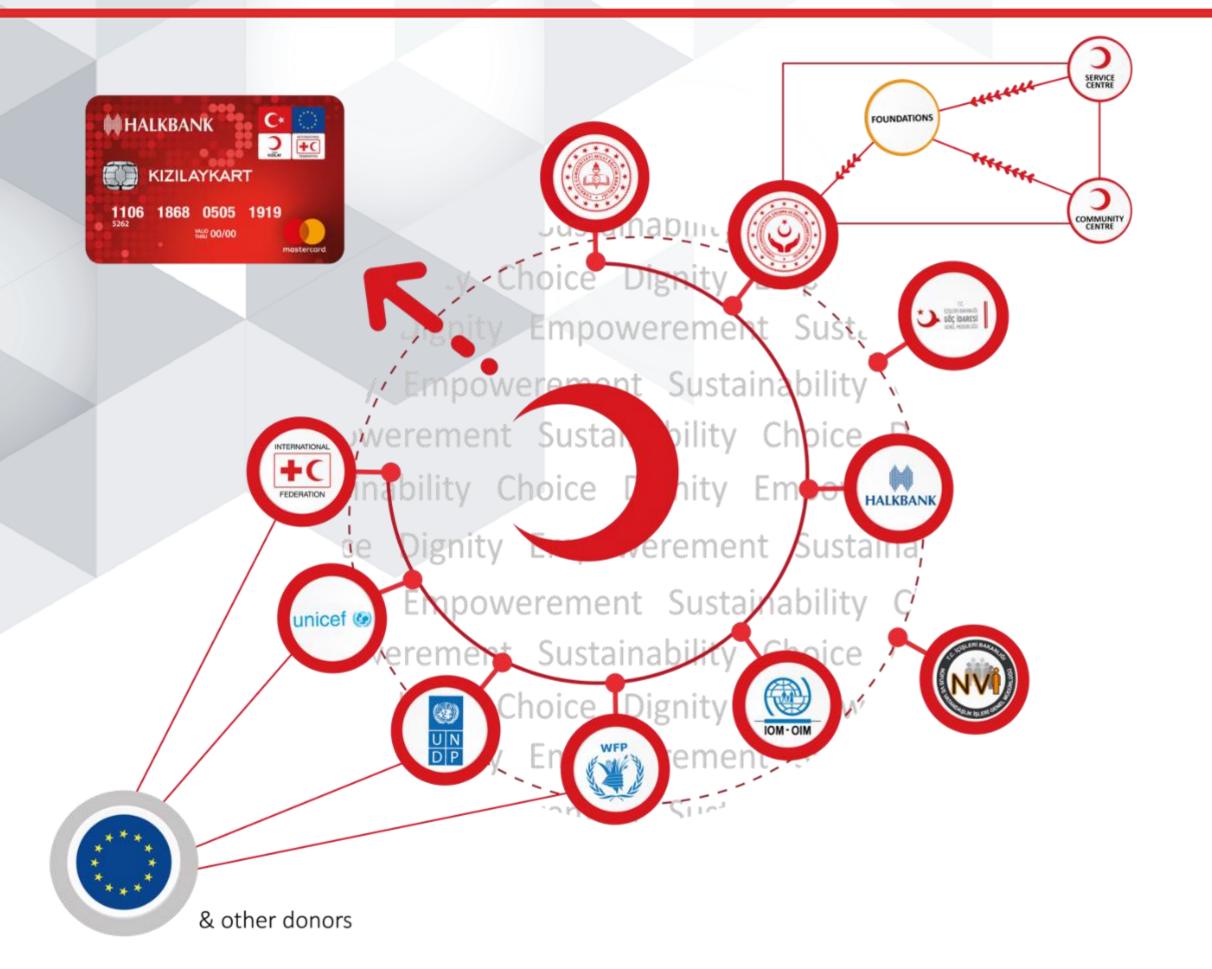


Cash Based Assistance Programmes



KIZILAYKART Cash Based Assistance Programmes





KIZILAYKART Cash Based Assistance Programmes



In Camp Food Assistance Programme

Sector: Food



Emergency Social Safety Net (ESSN) Programme

Sector: Basic Need

Conditional Cash Transfer for Education (CCTE) Programme

Sector: Education



Adult Language Training (ALT) Programme

Sector: Education



Vocational Training Project

Sector: Livelihood



53.321

Number of People Reached 11.046 Household

193 Million €

Total Payment Amount

o 611 Thousand € monthly payment amount.

1.789.382

Number of People Reached 314.881 Household

1,4 Billion €

Total Payment Amount

o 26 Million € monthly payment amount

628.856

Number of Children Reached (Received at least one payment)

123 Million €

Total Payment Amount

- o 497.460 children on July 2020
- 11 Million € monthly payment amount

35.301

Number of People Reached (Received at least one payment)

3 Million €

Total Payment Amount

Vocational Course Incentive (VCI) Project

People (Received at least one payment)

447 Thousand € Total Payment Amount



Vocational Training (Received at least one payment) Incentive 18 Thousand € (VTI) Project Total Payment Amount



KIZILAYKART Cash Based Assistance Programmes – M&E Activities



Process Monitoring

Field Teams

Beneficiary Monitoring

- On-site and card distribution monitoring
- Intensive tracking for verification of PDM participants
- Focus group discussions
- Data collection for impact evaluation and ad-hoc studies

Impact Evaluation

Analysis Team

Outcome Monitoring

- Data Oriented Approach: Pre-Assistance Baseline and Post Distribution Monitoring
- Inter-sectoral Vulnerability Survey
- Ad-hoc studies/In-house studies
 - COVID-19 Rapid Assessment
 - Livelihood Transition of the ESSN Capacity Mapping and Understanding the Potential
 - Debt, Savings, Gender and Cash Transfer Survey



Remote Focus Group Discussions



Advantages:

- Do no Harm Principle
- Safer
- Innovative
- More Inclusive
- More Diverse
- More Comfortable



Challenges and Limitations:

- Resource Intense
- Connection Problems
- Closer to an In-depthInterview
- Limited Interaction between participants
- Not suitable for every context

Thank you





ContactUs

This document is produced by Kızılaykart Cash Based Assistance Programmes Coordinatorship.









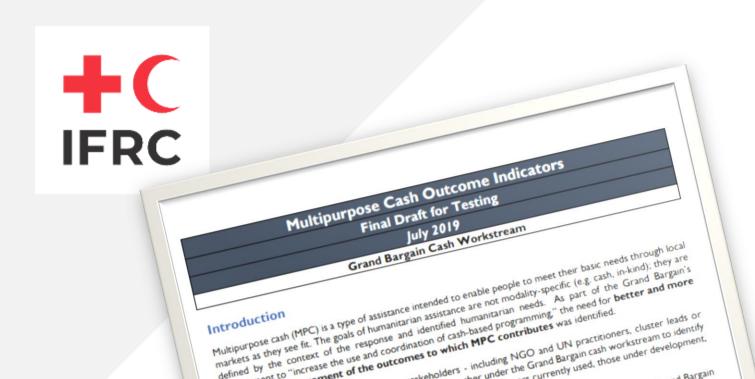
Meircan Han & Alperen Açıkol - Turkish Red Crescent /Türk Kızılay

Please post questions in chat

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Mulambwa Mwanang'ono – DM Manager, Zambia Red Cross

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Grand Bargain – MPC Outcome Indicators, purpose and potential use in RCRC?

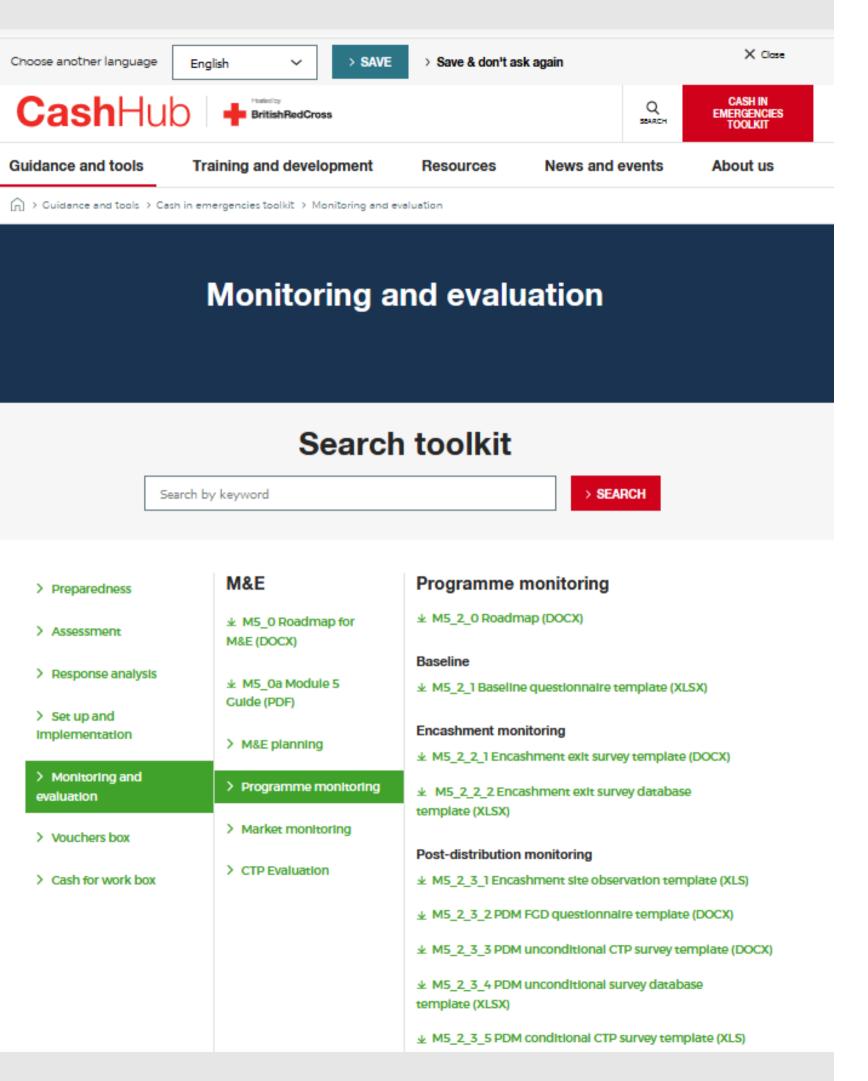
Michael Belaro, Regional Coordinator, Cash Assistance, Asia-Pacific, IFRC

David Dalgado, Cash Hub team, British Red Cross

https://www.calpnetwork.org/wp-content/uploads/2020/03/multipurpose-cash-outcome-indicatorsfinal-draft-for-testingjuly-2019-1.pdf

ves not seek to capture all potential outcomes (positive or negative) of MPC. Nor does the to attribute outcomes to MPC alone (see box, "A Note on MPC", below).

04 November 2020



What do we already have & do?



- Many NS are undertaking PDM similar to
 Cash in Emergency Toolkit M5_2_3_3
 PDM unconditional CTP Survey Template
- This asks for information that allows:
 - Verification of eligibility
 - Respondents understanding of the selection criteria
 - Distribution process appropriate
 - Basic information on what CVA was used on
 - Availability of items on market
 - If respondents understand feedback and complaints system

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Multipurpose Cash Outcome Indicators Final Draft for Testing July 2019

Grand Bargain Cash Workstream

Introduction

Multipurpose cash (MPC) is a type of assistance intended to enable people to meet their basic needs through local markets as they see fit. The goals of humanitarian assistance are not modality-specific (e.g. cash, in-kind); they are defined by the context of the response and identified humanitarian needs. As part of the Grand Bargain's commitment to "increase the use and coordination of cash-based programming," the need for **better and more consistent measurement of the outcomes to which MPC contributes** was identified.

Starting in 2018, a group of humanitarian stakeholders - including NGO and UN practitioners, cluster leads or cash/markets focal points, CaLP, and donors - came together under the Grand Bargain cash workstream to identify indicators in a participatory process. This included examining indicators currently used, those under development, and real-life minimum expenditure baskets (MEBs) that informed MPC design.

The purpose of the guidance and indicator menus below is to streamline reporting (in line with the Grand Bargain commitment to "harmonize and simplify reporting requirements") and to provide more consistent and comparable field-level monitoring. The Grand Bargain also includes a commitment to the "participation revolution: include people receiving aid in making the decisions which affect their lives." Thus, the indicators also incorporate the stated needs and goals of affected people themselves.

Spirit of this Document

The indicators in this document focus on the primary objectives of humanitarian MPC, and the outcomes to which multipurpose cash can most strongly contribute. (For example, some MPC interventions aim to link people to social protection systems after the MPC ends; but we have not included an indicator for this as this is not universal and is beyond the primary objectives of MPC.) Additional outcome indicators at the program or response level will vary by context and program objective.

This document seeks to gather a **core minimum group of indicators** that have a sufficient level of familiarity and acceptance across humanitarian stakeholders - and, for sectoral indicators, across sector clusters and sectoral experts. Some indicators may be highly appropriate but are not well used or understood in the humanitarian community; for other outcomes there may not yet be a widely accepted indicator. As this is an evolving area of practice, this document reflects the best of the consensus that exists currently.

This document does not seek to capture all potential outcomes (positive or negative) of MPC. Nor does this document attempt to attribute outcomes to MPC alone (see box, "A Note on MPC", below).

A Note on Multipurpose Cash (MPC)

Multipurpose cash is a type of assistance, not a program in and of itself - nor is there one standard, universal
way of doing MPC. MPC promotes the agency of disaster-affected people to make choices and prioritize
their own needs, which may or may not lead to them meeting humanitarian standards for assistance in
relation to a given sector.

This document is a product of participants of the Grand Bargain Cash workstream. It was facilitated by Dina Brick/CRS, Laura Meissner/USAID contractor, and Ruth McCormack/CaLP. Contributors include Claudia Ah Poe/WFP, Francesca Battistin/Save the Children, Rachid Boumnijel/ActionAid, Nadine Lombardo/WFP, Calum McLean/ECHO, Tamara Shukakidze-Demuria, Holly Welcome Radice/CARE, Kathryn Taetzsch/World Vision, Belete Temesgen/World Vision, Ruco Van Der Merwe/USAID, and Nynne Warring/WFP.

Grand Bargain Outcome Indicators



- A **pilot for testing** Far from a perfect document, but can still be useful.
- Recognises you can not attribute outcomes to MPC alone.
- Core minimum group of indicators cross cutting & sectorial

e.g. **Education** – "Percentage of households with school-age children with at least 1 school-age child who had to miss school because of costs associated with schooling (during the recall 13 — period) "



GB Outcome Indicators – how +C can we use them?



- Where expenditure is indicated responded in that sector consider the sectorial indicators. Get support from sectorial specialists to help formulate questions for your context.
- the scale of the information gathered in your PDM needs to reflect:
 - Weather you can take significant corrective action
 - The level of MPC support compared with expenditure.

Process Indicator for Quality, Protection Mainstreaming and AAP

"Percentage of beneficiaries reporting that humanitarian assistance is delivered in a safe, accessible, accountable and participatory manner."

Examples of OutcomeIndicators – Protection



The GB Outcome indicator document links into an ECHO protection document

11. Have negative coping mechanism been adopted before/after the provision of the assistance? Yes / No

11.1 If yes, can you please explain which negative coping mechanisms have been adopted?

Should you ask something like this? How can you ask it for your context and sensitively?



GB Outcome Indicators – what + C more is needed?

- PDM can only be pushed so far. If significant unmet needs are highlighted, an **updated** needs assessment may be required.
- GB Outcome Indicators document **misses the transformative impact of MPC** in that it empowers people.
- Allow respondents to share how MPC has impacted them in response to an open question.







Improving expenditure monitoring of CVA





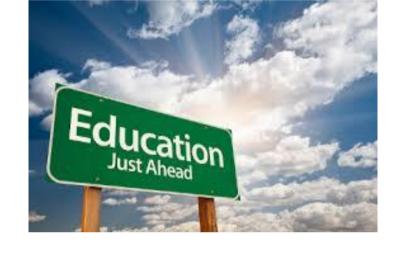




Cash Hu British Red Cross











Health care

- Preventative care (e.g. immunizations etc.)
- Emergency care (e.g. surgeries etc.)
- Chronic disease management (e.g. chronic pain management, cancer, diabetes, HIV/aids etc.)
- Pregnancy management
- Psycho-social services
- Medicines for short term conditions (e.g. panadol, antibiotics etc.)

Shelter		
Rent	Rent	
House	• Labour	
repairs	 Construction material 	
Utilities	 Drinking Water 	
	 Usage water (e.g. not drinking water) 	
	 Solid waste removal 	
	 Wastewater removal 	
	• Energy	



Cash Hu British Red Cross



Improving how we measure the contribution of multi-purpose cash to well-being

Safety Choices Well-Being Empowered Respect



CashHub



Field test:

Relationships

To capture a persons selfassessment of their relationship with spouse, family, community before and after the assistance

Life-satisfaction

A self-anchoring striving scale is used to records peoples overall life satisfaction

Aspirations

Goals and objectives are set by people for their needs/well-being

Dignity & Self-Esteem

Look at any negative coping strategies used in the last 6 months (not tested in DRC)

Health including mental health

Only to be used by health experts and if people are already receiving psychological support

Community integration

(indicator to be developed and not tested in DRC)







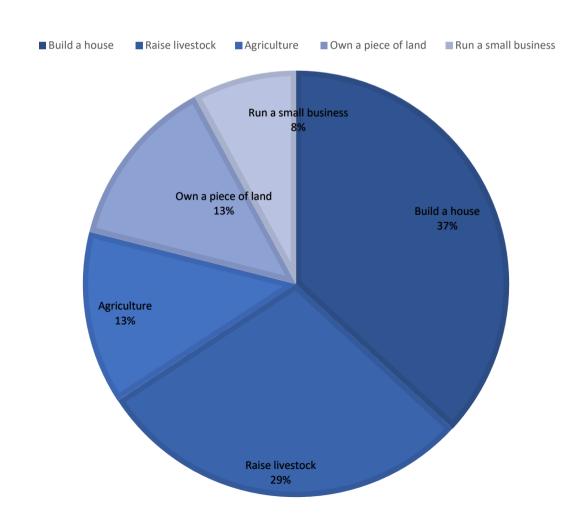
Initial findings are:

 aspiration indicator - people often prioritised longer term investments over basic needs

- MPC had a positive impact on relationships and life satisfaction

Next steps:

- Further testing



Questions & Answers, Comments and Discussion

If you have comments you wish to share please also let us know in the chat and if time we will come to you.

(Stop sharing slides so video feed can be shared)



Thank You

- Meircan Han & Alperen Açıkol & Bülent Öztürk Turkish Red Crescent /Türk Kızılay
- Mulambwa Mwanang'ono DM Manager, Zambia Red Cross
- Michael Belaro Regional Coordinator, Cash Assistance, Asia-Pacific, IFRC
- Jo Burton Global Cash and Markets Lead, ICRC
- Emma Delo Cash & Markets Technical Team Manager, British Red Cross
- Stefania Imperia & Cara Wilson Cash Hub team, British Red Cross

Next Webinar 18th November – CVA for Nutrition Outcomes